An Old Merchant Gone.

JOHN HATHAWAY, Esq., who died here yesterday morning, was, we believe, the oldest merchant doing business in Wilmington, having been engaged in mercan tile pursuits in this place for over forty years. He was a native of Fall River, Massachusetts, about sixty-eight years of age, and had spent the larger portion of an active business life in Wilmington, without making an enemy or cherishing an enmity. His honesty and uprightness of character rendered him the object of universal regard and esteem.

We understand that, by general consent, the stores will be closed this afternoon, and the commission merchants will attend the funeral in a body, at 314 o'clock P. M.

The Revenue and Expenditures.

Secretary Cobb concurs with the President in regarding as absolutely necessary some modification of the Tariff, in order that receipts into the United States Treasury may be so increased as to balance expenditures, without a resort to new loans and increased debt. The Secretary, however, differs from the President in warmand also to the principle of revenue irrespective of pro-

There is no denying the fact that our National Legislatures, and of course our national politics, which find their expression in the halls of national legislation, are drifting away far from, and nearly out of sight of, the old land-marks, and where things are stop, is far more than any one can pretend to say. Our public expenditures have necessarily increased largely, but they have unnecessarily increased still more largely. It is useless to lay the blame exclusively or mainly upon the executive. It is very seldom indeed-never, of late, that Congress does not far exceed the estimates of the departments, by requiring things to be done or expenditures to be made, not contemplated by such estimates nor required by the real wants of the country. Look at the Pension Bills, the Homestead Bills, the Pacific Railroad Bills, the Agricultural Bills now before Congress, and really commanding majorities the second Napoleon fixes his wishful glances. His in both houses, and only defeated, if defeated at all, by quarrels among their supporters, each section being anxious to grasp the largest amount of the spoils. Really we don't see what the General Government has got to do with giving away lands, homesteads, to this man or that, any more than giving coats and hats to the other man, nor what the difference in principle can be between making donations to endow agricultural colleges at the centres of the States, and giving money to endow law schools or commercial academies at other points. Once upon a time, we thought the General Government was the mere creature of the States-or under the most ultra construction, of the people of the States-their instrument and agent to do certain things that required a common agent for their doing; but now we hear altogether a different story. The people are to be the dependents of their mere tederal agency, which agency is to spend the general patrimony in donations, and patronizingly foster its masters and creators—to build railroads—to sustain steamship lines—to grant pensions where none were asked, except through those who make it a joint stock business. There is no use in talking about retrenchment. The Departments may try to retrench, but now, no Congress pays any attention to executive recommendaunless based upon its own aggrandisement.

Rome was not built in a day, nor was any other great capital. Augustus, in the seventh or eightly century | Mr William Tilley, a blind young man who was eduafter the founding of the city, found it brick and left it cated and learned his trade at the State Institute at marble—that is, he built a good many marble piles.— Raleigh, has commenced the manufacture of Brooms with slaves. But the Capitol and the Patent Office, and the Treasury in this, his native place. He has presented us with a building at Washington City have swelled into marble specimen of his work, and from appearance we have no mountains in the sixth decade of Washington existence, hesitation in assuring those who are in want of a good and acqueducts are planned on a scale that Rome or article of Brooms that Mr. Tilley can supply them, at Carthage might have envied, while the temples of Plu- least, so far as quality is concerned. We would advise was taken up. Mr. Bryan, of New Hanover, explained the tus, commonly called custom houses, have arisen, even at our friends in want of a good broom, to give him a trial. sink into the slimey ooze, having fulfilled their destiny once the quality is known the main difficulty in the way by enriching contractors.

Now, reflecting men have come to one or two conclu-

sions, and one of these is, that no reliable system of national finance ever has been or ever can be founded exclusively upon a duty on imports. One of the great objects of the States in agreeing to enter into the Constitutional federation was to secure a joint organization able to provide for the common defence. The war of 1812 showed conclusively the inadequacy of our federal revenue system for giving effect to this great end aimed at in the established of a federal authority, for the failure | Progress, has located in Newbern, N. C., for the pracof federal revenues was coincident with the entrance up- tice of his profession-the law. This puts to rest the on a war undertaken on general account, for purposes rumor of his intended removal to Tennessee. Mr. Mcof general defence. It would be so again. A war with Rae is an orator by nature, and one of the best pleaders a naval power would paralyze our federal finances, as a | in the State or out of it. commercial revulsion does even in the midst of profound

tion of slaves by will and testament" has been before ton, N. C., and Richmond, Va. our State senate this week. We really think it ought to pass both Houses and become a law-it most probably will: Mr. Ashe explained the cause which prompted the introduction of the bill. A man had died and left a large number of slaves, to be free when they had carned money enough to carry them out of the State. They to the owners the \$40,000 stolen from them on the 29th had been hired out to raise this money; and, while so ult. hired out, they had, by declaring themselves free, corrupted the negroes with whom they were associated .-Mr. Cherry coincided with Mr. Ashe. The evil referred to had been very severely felt in his county. He had very little faith in a man who would work slaves all his life and get all the benefit from them he could and then liberate them at his death. Other Senators spcke on the bill, some difference of opinion existing in regard to details, but all feeling and acknowledging the evil effects of the course against which the bill is intended to guard. The prominent instance referred to by Mr. Ashe is very well known to the citizens of this district-no doubt its effects in an adjoining county were highly injurious. This we say without any wish to reflect upon the memory of Mr. Curtis, who was a passenger on board the Steamer a distinguished gentleman, some years dead.

Before the meeting of the Legislature we took occa- sage from Baltimore to Portsmouth, on the 29th ult: sion to refer to instances of this kind, in the hope that some corrective might be employed. We go against adding one to the free negroes in the State, or sending one slave to Liberia, which said place is a humbug.

March, apparently good numbers. Published by T. B.

and for sale at the bookstores generally. rell & Pierce, we have " Rose Warrington, or the Daguerreotype Miniature," by A. H. J. Duganne. It appears to be a novel of which the scenes are mainly in New solutions, in this their hour of deep distress." York and Philadelphia. Price 25 cents.

Also from the same, "A House to Let," a Christmas and New Year's Story in six chapters. By Charles Anthony's and Pity-me, near Newcastle, England, the er have seen a better track anywhere. Dickens. Price 25 cents.

lives "-that De Sauty has a home and that he has gone tually prevailed and the fair cavalcade moved on. there. "' All right !'-De Sauty."

The ancient seat of empire and the present centre of Catholic unity to the most numerous of all Christian denominations, Italy, although cut up, subdivided, powerless and prostrate, has always exerted an influence in the affairs of the world far more than commensurate to her apparent weight in the scale of nations, since she has really had no independent nationality for something like fourteen centuries. The Lombard, the Goth, the Vandal, the Frank and the Norman, have torn up the old boot and parcelled it out among themselves; her once free cities are free and prosperous no more, and the sceptre of commerce which Venice, Genoa or Florence once wielded, has passed away forever. Still, the genius of Italy, the power of the old Pelasgic race, will re-assert itself, and rule the world of statecraft equally with that of art, and impress itself indellibly upon the records of nations by the acts of men like Napoleon, Pozzi di Borgo, and others of an age which has passed away, but has left another Napoleon to vindicate the fame of the imperial Corsican.

From the carliest days, the incursions of the Gauls were the terror of Italy, until the Gauls and Romans became alike submerged in the deluge of Northern Barbarians of the Scandanavian or Teutonic races, and since that time it has been the battle-ground between ly adhering to the ad valorem system of assessing duties, the aspiring rulers of France and Germany. The House of Austria, as successor to the defunct Empire of Germany, exerts an influence and holds possessions in Italy derived from Charlemange, whose imperial title and claims passed, on the severance of his dominions, to the German branch. The Austrian Power and possessions in Italy arise from no new cr late conquest-they date back to a period prior to the Norman invasion of Eng- giving Wilmington such an advantage in distance as she

Since then, it would seem as though the Frankish and German members of the new Roman Empire of the west have been constantly contending for supremacy in that country from which the title of Empire was derived, the Germans always calling their imperial organization "The Holy Roman Empire." Charles the Fitth of Germany, and Francis the First, of France, there fought their fight, until the chivalrous Gallic monarch found himself a prisoner, bereft of all but honor. There the first Napoleon made his brightest mark, and there garrison occupies the Eternal City-his troops are concentrated not far from Toulon, where transports have been assembled—everything is in readiness, but—England says no-Prussia says no-the German States, with an army of 300,000 men, say no, and Louis Napoleon pauses in his career, without at all abandoning his intention to strike a blow at the Italian possessions of Austria, at the earliest safe opportunity.

Cheraw & Coalfields Rallroad Charter Secured. appearance of exultation, the fact that the necessary steps have been taken to secure the charter of the Cheraw and Coalfields Railroad Company.

The bill granting this charter was passed by the N. C. Legislature of 1856-'7, and required that a certain reading, by yeas 74, nays 25, as follows: amount of capital stock should be subscribed and the Company organized before the adjournment of the Legislature of 1858-'9, otherwise the charter would be lost. The stock has been subscribed, which was as easy as writing, since the amount to be paid in is merely noninal. The chartering of a road from the Coalfields to Raleigh, which, with this Cheraw affair, will make something very much like the old Mettions no matter how wise or patriotic. Too many men ropolitan Route, may impart some commercial vitality are waiting in both houses for a chance themselves, and to the project, otherwise its charter may be secured an faction, never wanting in professions or excuses, seeks oc- hundred times without its being built once. As for carcasion for quarrel and avoids all chance for harmony rying coal to Charleston, over two hundred miles, by Railroad, that won't pay and therefore will not be done.

minor ports, in a style of gorgeous beauty, like unto Ve- He is a worthy subject of patronage, and being a native nus rising from the sea, only they have generally risen of the place, afflicted as he is, he deserves the patronage over to the State 3 per cent. on its profits. Rejected.

We think his work from what we To-night the consideration of the bill was continued. from the mud, as witness New Orleans and Charleston, of the community. We think his work, from what we where elaborate carving and penderous arches alike have seen, is far superior to the imported article, and three dollar bills was rejected. Mr. Bridgers, an amendment that all bills over \$5 shall be a multiple of \$10. Adopted.—

will be to supply the demand. died recently in Philadelphia, leaving an estate valued at over a millon of dollars to his heirs, as every sensible ed during suspension, shall not be collectable at law. Reman would do. The idea of grasping after every dollar jected. Bill passed year 98, nays 4. during life and in death leaving the fruits of avarice to be a fund of corruption under the name charity is all

D. K. McRae, Esq., we see from a notice in the

George W. Pollock, Esqr., our worthy assistant post master at this place, we are pleased to learn, has A Good Move .- "A bill to prohibit the emancipa- been appointed Route (Mail) Agent between Wilming-

The Standard says :- "The general impression is, that the Legislature will get through with the public business and adjourn sine die, by the 15th instant."

The Adams Express Company have paid over

MAGNOLIA, Feb. 3, 1859. MESSRS. FULTON & PRICE: The following is the vote polled in the town of Magnolia for Commissioners: Dr. Milton K. Devane received 27 votes. H. Hollingsworth received 23 J. Barden Dr. C. H. Harris J. B. Monk for Mayor There were 32 votes cast in the election.

The Petersburg Express thus speaks of the Rev. North Carolina at the time she was burned on her pas-

"The Rev. Dr. Curtis, D. D., who was one of the unfortunate victims to this melancholy catastrophe, left acquaintances in this city, who refer to him in the most commendable terms. He is represented as having been of the feeling it has been wont to engender towards you, a gentleman of deep piety, exalted talents, great kind- there will be a greater show of amiability. Let us hope ness of heart, and an ornament of the denomination to such may be the case. Our Table.—We find Peterson's for February and which he was attached. He was reputed to be one of The river at this point rose, on Saturday last, forty the most accomplished Botanists in America, and confeet! A large quantity of lumber on the bank went tributed largely to the recent work on Botany, compiled down with the flood, and the dam just above the bridge Peterson & Bro.'s, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, by Gray. He was Rector of the Protestant Episcopal presented no evidence of its existence. Also from the same publishers, through Messrs. Merell & Pierce, we have "Rose Warrington, or the Daguell & Pierce, we have "Rose Warrington, or the Daguerreotype Miniature," by A. H. J. Duganne. It appears
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Crinoline Tolled.—At the toll gate between St.

Anthony's and Pity-me, near Newcastle, England, the other day, a fair landlady, extensively hooped, was brought to a stand, being unable to force her way through the turnstile. Though used to stand at the bar she was not turnstile. Though used to stand at the bar she was not the solutions, in this their hour of the town morning and evening—the trains goling out and returning every work day. The Road as constructed is certainly creditable to the builder. I never have seen a better track anywhere.

Well, let us all "rejoice and be exceeding glad" that the good old town of Fayetteville has at last reached what she has long asked for and justly deserves.

Well as the detailed of a gregation.—

Well, let us all "rejoice and be exceeding glad" that the good old town of Fayetteville has at last reached what she has long asked for and justly deserves. turnstile. Though used to stand at the bar she was not disposed to be detained on this occasion, and demanded Yours, &c., says. We are glad to hear it, for it gives us the assu-to have the gate opened, upon which the toll keeper told her that if she had the gate opened she must pay 2d., the lives"—that De Sauty has a home and that he has gone

North Carolina Legislature. [Reported Expressly for the Journal.] RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY, Feb. 2d, 1859.

No bills of importance introduced to-day. Several unimportant bills were forwarded a stage. The bill relative to the Cape Fear and Deep River Improve-ment was amended in the following particulars: Limiting the calls of the Governor on the treasury, to carry on the work by Commissioners, to \$100,000 per annum: limiting the capital to the present sum of the charter; limiting the Governor's bid in case of a purchase by the State, to \$600,-000; and limiting the time for which the Governor shall draw upon the freasury, in case it should be resolved to conthe improvement under the Commissioners, to two years, unless authorized farther by subsequent legislation. bill as thus amended was then rejected by 26 to 17.

The bill to establish the Bank of Lexington, passed its 3d ading and was ordered to be engrossed The engrossed bill to establish the Bank of Salisbury, passed its second reading 27 to 12. The bill to establish the Bank of North Carolina was under lisenssion, on its third reading, up to the hour of recess.

AFTERNOON SESSION, 3 o'clock. The bill to charter the Bank of North Carolina was discussed, and amended in very many particulars, up to the hour of adjournment, when it was rejected by a vote of 25 to 20. The Senate has been in Committee of the Whole on new bills relative to the Deep River and Cape Fear Improvement. Set again at 3 o'clock.

Something will probably be done. HOUSE OF COMMONS To-day, Mr. Purdie introduced a bill for the better regulation of the town of Elizabeth. The consideration of the Insane Asylum bill was continued. Motions to lessen the appropriation and for other purposes were all rejected, and the bill passed its 2d reading by a very

The bill to amend the charter of the Wilmington and Rutherford Railroad was then taken up. Several amendments by the friends of the hill were adopted. A large number were introduced and rejected. Mr. Morehead spoke against Messrs, Smith, Meares, Waters and Costner for it. Mr. Morehead argued that produce when it reached Charlotte would take down the S. C. Railroad to Charleston, instead of going to Wilmington. Mr. Meares told him that no people

had a keener eye to their interests than the people of Wil ington, that there would not be the least danger of a single dollar's worth of produce going to South Carolina after Mr. Fleming had the floor against the bill when the House

At the night session Mr. Fleming continued his speechhe question being on an amendment to strike out the branching privilege. Mr. F. was particularly opposed to the connection at Newton. Mr. Dargan spoke against the amendment. Mr. Meares spoke with much force for the branching privilege and against the amendment. He alluded with loquence to the enterprise of the people of Wilmington and their public spirit. The amendment was rejected and the bill passed its 2d reading by a large majority. It was immediately taken upon its 3d reading, but the House adjourned pending a vote. Mr. Morehead made a speech against the branching privilege. P. S. Feb. 3 .- Wilmington & Rutherfordton Rail Road

bill passed by yeas 74, nays 35. Particulars to-morrow. RALEIGH, THURSDAY, Feb. 3d, 1859.

entire day on the Cape Fear and Deep River Navigation Company. Ultimately the committee adopted the bill rejected on the previous day. When the Senate resumed, this

eport was presented, and the vote on the rejected bill was In the House to-day, Mr. McKay introduced a bill concer-

ning the endorsed bonds of the Deep River Navigation Com-Mr. Ferebee, a bill to amend the charter of the N. C. Rail road concerning the scaling of stock. Resolutions to adjourn on the 15th inst., and on the 8th,

was continued. As amendment striking out the restrictions as to freights for a longer or shorter distance. An amend- under the superintendence of Col. C. C. Tew, assisted ment was introduced to strike out that that section in the by three other officers. The number of Cadets already charter which allows the Road to connect with the Western Extension at Newton, Messrs, Fleming and T. R. Caldwell spoke for it. It was rejected. The bill then passed its 3d

Messrs. Badham, Baird, Barbee, Baxter, Benbury, lount, Bridgers, Bryan, of Craven, Bryan, of New Hanover, Bryson Bullock, Caldwell, of Burke, Chambers, Costner, Cox, of Jones, Dancy, Dargan, Dickson, Dockery, Drake, aison, Faribault, Fleming, Foy, Gardner, Gentry, Green, of rington, Henry, Hill, of Stokes, Higgins, Hutchins, Jones, of believe, the first strict Military Academy ever estab-Moore, of Chatham, Moore, of Martin, Moore, of New Han over, Newby, Norman, Norwood, Outlaw, Pritchard, Purdie, Ransem, Reagan, Ripley, Roney, Scales, Shaw, Sherrill, Smallwood, Smith, Sparrow, Speight, Stanford, Stephens, Wadeill, Walker, Wallace, Ward, Waters, Watson, Wilson, our opinion strong claims to public confidence and sup-

NAYS—Messrs. Burns. Burke, Caldwell, of Guilford, Port."—Raleigh Register. Gaither, of Davie, Gaither, of Iredell, Jones, of Craven, Mcotter, Martin, Morehead, Morgan, Sanders, Simonton, Speer, Tomlinson, Thompson, Thornburg, Walser, Windley. The bill to amend the charter of the Western Extension was then taken up and discussed for a short time. Rejected

vings Banks in Hillsboro' and Raleigh. Also, a bill to pre-The bill to amend the charter of the Bank of Wilmington

books they shall not open again. Carried. Mr. Scales, an

amendment that whenever it suspends, the Bank shall pay Mr. Caldwell, of Burke, an amendment, that in case of suspension, the Bank shall forfeit all profits accruing during the A RICH CLERGYMAN—The Rev. Prescott Hinds time of suspension. Mr. Fleming, an amendment to amend all probability not greater than the prospects of trade that—pay 3 per cent. on capital stock. Mr. Morehead and warrant, since the occupations, of the commercial and others opposed these amendments, and spoke for the bill .-Both rejected. Another amendment, that all notes discount-

A bill to revive charter of Beaufort Harbor and Coalfields Road passed its 3d reading.

RALEIGA, Friday, Feb. 4, 1859. SENATE. The bill to extend the charter of the Bank of the State

by Mr. Ransom, was ultimately substituted. The Senate djourned without final action. HOUSE OF COMMONS. To-day, the bill to amend the charter of the Western N . Road was reconsidered and made the special order for

occupied the whole of to-day. The House bill introduced

The bill to incorporate the Medical Society was discussed at length, and passed by yeas 68, nays 35.

A large number of private bills were passed their 3d read ng. A bill concerning auctioneers, and A bill to incorporate the University Railroad Company, were the only bills acted upon of the slightest interest to your section of the State.

Company passed its 2d reading. Also, a bill to amend the ship lien law.

ers, an amendment was adopted that all notes above \$3 shall be a multiple of \$10. The bill passed.

[Correspondence of the Journal.] FAYETTEVILLE, 2d Feb'y., 1859.

ing news to Fayetteville, of the passage of the Coalfields return to the long credits that were so rigorously fore-Railroad bill by three majority. Although we have a rainy day for it, nevertheless are the people rejoicing silently, and patiently waiting to hear if the bill will be reconsidered. The Locomotive left this morning with flying colors-a flag at the "mast-head," bearing upon it "FORTY-FOUR TO FORTY-ONE."

The citizens of Wilmington may well rejoice likewise, for are not the interests of the one the interests of the other? Is not Fayetteville a tributary to Wilmington, and does not Wilmington reciprocate? That there is a feeling in your town at all inimical to the interest of this. I. for one, could never discover. It has often occurred to me, that the "Observer," in its over-worked zeal for the good of Fayetteville, has gone a step too for in its dislike for Wilmington; thereby keeping up a feeling of prejudice among its leaders here against the place, without a proper show of reason in the case. It the Bill just passed, stays past, we may look for a better feeling-the "Observer" will "love its neighbor" more, and instead

Church at Hillsborough, North Carolina, for many years, I find the terminus of the Coalfields Railroad is in the

UP-COUNTRY.

Three Days Later from California.

Sr. Louis, Feb. 3.-The overland mail, with San Francisco dates to the 10th ult., (three days later than briefly sketches his history: brought by the last mail,) arrived here this evening, having been twenty-three days on the road, including a de- a grandson of Col. Prescott, who commanded the Ameritention of 22 hours. The following items of news are can troops at the battle of Bunker Hill. His family

Thomas Seals, on the 6th inst. The occurrence created in 1814, with an intention to devote himself to the law. a great excitement among the inhabitants, who threaten- Shortly after leaving college, an accident deprived him ed Lynch law. The military had to be called out to of the sight of one of his eyes. The other soon became protect the prisoner, who was then safely conveyed to so much weakened by the increased labor thrown upon the jail at San Jose.

Rumors prevailed at San Francisco that three hun- He visited Europe to obtain the aid of celebrated occudred prisoners confined in the State penitentiary had lists, and partially recovered the use of his single eve. It been accidently poisoned by the use of some chemical was then that he resolved to devote himself to historical mixed in the flour used. There is doubtless some truth researches, and he spent ten years in preparing himself in the rumor, but it may be greatly exaggerated. When His first work was "Ferdinand and Isabella," which the mail left no authentic report of the affair had been

The sloop of war Vandalia had left for Guaymas to

relieve the St. Marys. The Probate Judge of Carson Valley had published a card, declaring it to be his intention to perform his Italian, French and Spanish. His next work, the duties without the fear or favor of any man. A colli- "Conquest of Mexico," was published in 1843, and this sion between him and the anti-Mormons was regarded was followed, in 1847, by his "Conquest of Peru. as inevitable.

Indians of the North, and with great success. A number | ber of the French Institute, having previously been adof Indians had been killed, and over two hundred taken mitted to several of the distinguished academies of Euarge majority. The rules were suspended and it then passed prisoners.

> NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Later advices from Hayti The first two volumes of his "History of Phillip 11... Later from Hayti. state that Geffard's force is estimated at eighteen thousand men. All of the Northern part of the island is reported to have declared in his favor. It is feared that the mountaineers would attack Aux Cayes. Many desertions from Soulouque have taken place.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 2 - There is an increased mand for sugar in this market, and the inquiry on western account is large. Prices are up 1/4 cent, and fully fair is now quoted at 6 1-2 a 65% cents. Escape of an Outlaw.

Advance in Sugars.

LEAVENWORTH, Feb. 2 .- The outlaw Brown has escaped from the authorities, and is believed to have gone o Nebraska. A party has gone in pursuit. Refuses a Nomination.

written letters from Washington to his friends here, positively refusing a renomination for Congress. Utah Judiciary. St. Louis, Feb. 5.-The Republican publishes a let-

ter from Salt Lake, in which it is stated that the federal judges will return in the spring, satisfied that all efforts o enforce the law are useless.

From Sait Lake. St. Louis, Feb. 4.—The Salt Lake mail of the 15th among their effects, and introduced as testimony against alt. has arrived, having reached St. Joseph's six days them. According to that counterfeiting, stealing, &c., ahead of the contract time. The district court had ad- were virtues, and the crime of perjury with its members journed, but the legislature was still in session. Major a bounden duty. Before joiring, each member was com-Cerpenning, the contractor for the Salt Lake and Placer- pelled to take the following oath :- "I do solemnly swear, ville mail route, arrived in seventeen days from Salt Lake. He expects to reach Washington City within nineteen days from the Pacific.

Hillsboro' Military Academy. Institution was opened in that town on the 12th inst. entered is thirty-two, fifteen of whom are from South Carolina. This fact shows that the people of South Carolina, where Col. Tew is best known, know how to appreciate his qualifications as an instructor of youth. To the three officers now attached to the Academy, (says the Recorder.) we understand that a fourth is to be added on the 1st of May, and others at the beginning of Whole on the State of the Union, by a vote of 68 to 56. Franklin, Hall, of Rowan, Hall, of Warren, Hargrove, Har- next year. The nature of the Institution, which is, we brange, Kirby, Leak, Leffers, Love, Lyon, McKay, Meares, lished in the State, the experience of the Superintendent, Col. C. C. Tew, who was for twelve years an officer of the South Carolina Military Academies, and the judi-

> MISTAKE .- Rev. A. M. Curtis, who was lost on the steamer North Carolina, was a Baptist, not Episcopal clergyman, as has been stated. The Baltimore Patriot

He was at one time connected with the publication A bill to exempt one negro from execution, was indefinited of the " Ecleric Review," in London, and a reporter of postponed. A bill to consolidate the Western N. C., the the debates in be British Parliament. About 20 years N. C., and N. C. & Atlantic Bailroads was served in the since he rem well to this country, became pastor of the same way. Also, a bill more effectually to prevent trading Baptist chu, in Bangor, Maine. Subsequently he A bill to incorporate the town of Lillington, passed its 2d took charge of the Wentworth street Baptist church, in and 3d readings. Also, a bill to incorporate the Beaufort Charleston, S. C. At the time of his decease he was an insurance (on the boat) of \$80,000. The loss of the popular taste demands; never too difficult, always Steam Navigation Company. Also, bills to incorporate Sa- Principal of a Female Seminary at Chester, in the Adams' Express Company is \$2,000; Dr. Froup, \$2,000; Principal of a Female Seminary at Chester, in the northern part of South Carolina Dr. Curtis was emilireight \$5,000; money and effects of passengers \$1,000; been received by the public, and the commendations it has been received by the public and the commendations it has been received by the public and the commendations it has been received by the public and the commendations it has been received by the public and the commendations it has been received by the public and the commendations it has been received by the public and the commendations it has been received by the public and the commendations it has been received by the public and the commendations it has been received by the public and the commendations it has been received by the public and the commendations it has been received by the public and the commendations it has been received by the public and the commen manded large influence in every community in which he lived. He has been released from his labors at a ripe age, (in his 78th year,) to receive the reward of the streets of Dayton, Ohio, recently. It is designed for

Increased Activity-Revived Credits.

The Spring business thus far progresses fairly, and its early promise is well supported as far as demand and prices go. In many description of goods there is quite a speculative demand, which caused an advence, but in manufacturing districts are reviving with great vigor. The improved profits from these sources to the mass of consumers react with much force upon the city demand for goods. There is every element of a large demand for goods. it, and low prices for produce disappointed industry. In South enjoys unusually large crops at good prices, and, Plaster bears a Medallion Stamp and our Signature. these are improving the prospects of the shipping interest, which never had so much cotton to carry as offers this year. Every branch of manufacturing is in full blast, and every resulting retail channel of employment is well fostered. At the same moment all these interests enjoy cheap food and fuel, a circumstance which not only lessens the cost of production, but actually enhances the profits of labor, leaving a larger proportion of wages to be bestowed upon clothing, of which the economies of A bill to incorporate the Old Topsail Steam Navigation the last year make the wants more extensive. There is, therefore, every prospect that the coming year will be At night, the bill to amend the charter of the Bank of one of more active city and "near-by" trade than in Cape Fear was under discussion. On motion of Mr. Bridgers, an amendment was adopted that all notes above \$5 unusual excitement the balance has been in favor of the country trade, since they sold their produce dear, favor- To the United States, as the preserver and restorer of valuamany attempts to amend and dispose of by laying on the table, and indefinitely postponing, the bill was finally rejected. House then adjourned.

In the United S ble Horses and is state of affairs that was exaggerated by the disposition to send money into the country for lands and reits of the United S ble Horses and is to send money into the country for lands and reits of the United S ble Horses and is to send money into the country for lands and reits of the United S ble Horses and is the united S ble Horses and I ble Hor prevent emancipation of slaves by will or testament. After ing food producers at the expense of food consumers-a ble Horses and Cattle. It cures all Sprains, Galds, Wounds, rather than to keep it in the employment of the usual ordinary Sore, Swelling, Sprain or Stiffness, either on man

Government Finances. NEW YORK, Feb. 5, 1859. The business of the Sub-Treasury was: Receipts, \$395,588 86-for Customs, \$171,000-on account of

Loan, \$117,000, Payments, \$243,922 97; Balance, \$8,-144,616 52. The Customs receipts continue to be large. The business of the Clearing-House was \$18,315,678. The following is a comparative statement of the Imports of Foreign Dry Goods at New York for the week, and since Jan. 1:

\$3,7 0,149 mankind and domestic animals. Many worthless imitations Entered at the port.....\$1,611,626 3,794,838 are advertised. Be sure it bears the name of E. Lyon. Re-Thrown on market..... 1,953,907 Since Jan. 1. Entered at the port.....\$4,477.772 \$14,286,756 Thrown on market...... 5,662,939 14,781,283
The Imports of Dry Goods continue very large, and are thus far in 1859 nearly three times as great as in

1858, and fully up to the enormous imports of 1857.— We are commencing to accumulate the same volume of debt to Europe which produced the crisis of 1857. There were sales yesterday of 4½ per cent. Treasury Note for Custom House purposes at 12½ to 20c. per \$100 discount. The Government Loan is dull at 102 %. Some \$600,000 of the bonds were received to-day. The

north of the town morning and evening—the trains go- not die—you only change your state of aggregation.—

A report has been made by a committee of dep-The New Orleans Crescent estimate the product of Spain to be 14,000,000,-000 reals—about \$140,000,000. Au extraordinary of the cane crop for 1858 at 350,000 hogsheads of sugar budget apart from the general supplies, is proposed for and 450,000 barrels of molasses, valued at \$22,000,000. the year, equivalent to \$20,000,000.

WILLIAM H. PRESCOTT.—We announced yesterday,

the death of this eminent man. The Boston Herald thus

Mr. Prescott was born in Salem, in 1790, and was moved to this city when he was twelve years old, and in Paul C. Shore was killed in Santa Clara county, by 1811 he entered Harvard College, and graduated there it that he was obliged to give up his professional studies. appeared in 1838, and was published simultaneously in

Boston and London. This work was received with unhesitating applause on both sides of the Atlantic, and has since passed thro several editions, and has been translated into German, These works were received with honors even more bril-Gen. Kibbe was still prosecuting the war against the liant than the first, and the historian was elected a memrope. Mr. Prescott subsequently published a volume of Boats, and 15 prime Young Negroes. his miscellanies, consisting of his reviews, essays, &c .appeared in 1855, since which he has been engaged upon Robertson's History of Charles the Fifth.

At the time of his death he was in his sixty-third year. He has left a widow, two sons, and a daughter, who, we believe, is the wife of Dr. Francis Wyman.

ORGANIZED RAILBOAD OBSTRUCTORS.—Robert W Ulmer and Daniel Hubbard, are on trial at Vienna, Indiana, for placing obstructions on the Jeffersonville Rail Road. The Louisville Courier says that Ulmer confessed that he has been engaged in this way for the last four closed that he has been engaged four cross ties on the road early on Saturday night last, in such a manner that if the train had struck it, it would have torn every car to pieces, and killed every passenger and employee on the

The other man, Daniel Hubbard, was caught placing Augusta, Feb. 4 .- Hon. Alexander H. Stephens has a stick of wood on the road, for the purpose of selling ginger cakes and whiskey to the passengers who might be detained by the accident, which he had evidently done before, for the same purpose, (he being depot keeper at WILMINGTON BRASS AND IRON FOUNDRY AND Vienna.) Hubbard discovered at the time he was putting the stick on that two men were watching him, and hat prevented his foul design. Hubbard's object was

to have the mail robbed at the same time. A constitution and by-laws, regulating the association, and to which their names were appended, was found in the presence of the Great Jehovah, that I will never divulge any of the secrets of this order, under penalty of

Postage on Exchanges-Mr. English has introduced into the House of Representatives a bill to amend the postage law in relation to Court, that the defendant, Jacob Wessel, is a non-res the circulation of newspapers and p riodicals. It pro- dent. It is therefore ordered by the Court, that publica poses to require the payment of postage on all that class | tion be made in the Wilmington Journal for six weeks, not of mail matter known as exchanges, which, by the provisions of this bill, the publishers receiving them will be required to pay, at the same rate as regular subscribers. or demur or judgment final by default will be taken against This is an important matter, and threatens a serious him, and the property levied upon be sold to satisfy plain change in the old and time-sanctioned custom of free ex- | tiff's debt and costs. changes. The bill was referred to the committee of the This is a very proper reference since it is emphatically a matter in which the whole Union is particularly interested. A tax of postage upon periodical exchanges would seriously affect the newspaper interest throughout the country .-- Petersburg Express.

our opinion, strong claims to public confidence and sup-The ridings of the Judges of the Superior Courts this Spring will be as follows, viz: First c reuit (Edenton.) Saunders. (Newbern.) Shepherd. (Raleigh,) Dick. Caldwell. (Hillsboro',) (Wilmington.) Heath.

> The total loss by the burning of the steamer North Carolina is about \$131,000, on which there was ballads, &c., &c. An abundant supply of every thing the

(Salisbury.)

(Morganton,)

Bailey.

Manly.

A "land locomotive" successfully traversed the draught on the farm in ploughing and threshing and other labor, and for use on the highways.

P. P. P. PARK'S PRICKLY PLASTERS.

They soothe pain; they protect the chest; they extract the coagulated impurities and soreness from the system; they impart strength; they are divided in sections, and yield to the motion of the body; they are perons; all impure ex cretions pass off, and they cannot become offensive, hence are freely worn ten times longer than any other plaster, and are cheaper at 25 cents than others at 10. Where these except from the North-West, where land speculations have absorbed means, railroad gambling destroyed cred
Plasters are, pain cannot crist. Weak persons, public speakers, delicate females, or any affected with side, chest 10 copies \$40 per year; same rates for half year. No subor back pains, should try them. You will then know what all other regions prosperity seems to be gradually devel- they are. They are a new feature in the science of medi- New York oped. The mining regions are well occupied. The cine. All Druggists have them. Take no other. Each

BARNES & PARK, 13 & 15 Park Row, N. Y. JOHN D. PARK, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Jan. 7, 1859-19-3m. The Mustang Liniment cures Rheumatism; The Mustang Liniment cures Stiff Joints: The Mustang Liniment cures Burns and Wounds;

The Mustang Liniment cures Sores and Ulcers; The Mustang Liniment cures Caked Breasts and Sore

The Mustang Liniment cures Neuralgia; The Mustang Liniment cures Corns and Warts; The Mustang Liniment is worth 1,000,000 DOLLARS PER ANNUM

Will you answer the question? Did you ever hear of any

productive arts at home. The reaction now gives the or beast, which the Mustang Liniment would not cure? Did city profits at the expense of the country. Richer goods you ever visit any respectable Druggist in any part of the Davenport of the Edenton Express has gone and done it—taken unto himself a wife. We wish him much hap
EDITORS JOURNAL: "FORTY-FOUR" is the lucky number! The Journal of yesterday brings the cheer
it—taken unto himself a wife. We wish him much hap
EDITORS JOURNAL: "FORTY-FOUR" is the lucky number in demand, and the payments more prompt.—

There is, however, a disposition already developed to was the greatest discovery of the age?" Sold everywhere. BARNES & PARK, Proprietors, New York.

> LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER AND PILLS. For the Destruction of all kinds of Garden Insects, Ants, Bed-Bugs, Roaches, Ticks, Fleas, Moths, Rats and What greater trouble, in an hour of ease,

Than guawing rats, bed-bugs and fleas. Gardens can be preserved and houses rid of these pests .-It was discovered by Mr. E. Lyon, a French Chemist, in Asia, and has been patronized by all Eastern governments and colleges. Reference can be made wherever the article has been tried. It is free from poison, and harmless to

'Tis Lyon's Powder kills insects in a trice, While Lyon's Pills are mixed for rats and mice. Sample Flasks, 25 cts.; regular sizes, 50 cts. and \$1. BARNES & PARK, New York.

TURSERY SHEETINGS. For sale by J. S. WILLIAMS. MOURNING DRESS GOODS. Mouslin de Lains. Me rinos, Cashmeres, Alpacas, Tamise Cloth, Bombazines,

BLACK THIBET WOOL & CANTON CRIP'D SHAWLS.

For Sale by J. S. WILLIAMS.

JUST OPENED. A T THE HAT AND CAP EMPORIUM, a handsome assortment of SILK and GINGHAM UMBRELLAS, of every style and quality, to which we would call attention. Our assortment is very large and comprises all the new improvements in styles.

CHAS. D. MYERS,
Feb. 2, 1859.

34 Market st.

C REEN, WHITE, YELLOW, BLUE & RED FLANNEL T For sale by J. S. WILLIAMS

5, 6, 8, 9, 10 AND 12-4 LINEN & COTTON SHEET. Feb. 5, 1859.

FOR FLOORS, TABLES AND STAIRS OIL CLOTHS

YARN-YARN. WARN FROM THE "BLOUNT'S CREEK" FACTORY ARN FROM THE always on hand. For sale by WILLARD & CURTIS.

/ YANTON FLANNELS, JUST RECEIVED, FOR SALE Dec. 30th, 1858. MULLETS.

SEPTEMBER MULLETS, in Oak and Pine bbls., in hand some order. For sale by WILLARD & CURTIS VALUABLE LANDS AND NEGROES, STOCK AND FARM PRODUCTS FOR SALE. ON THE 15TH FEBRUARY NEXT, I will offer for sale

on the premises, the excellent Farm and Timber Lands known as Maultsby's Point, lying between Black River and North West, 18 miles on the river above Wilmington, con taining about 2500 Acres, a large portion of this is adapted to the cultivation of Corn. Peanuts and Rice, and may be conveniently divided into two large Farms; the buildings are all nearly new, and good. The woodland is well timbered with Cypress, Ash. Oak and Hickory, convenient to the water; it is considered the best Cow and Hog range, in this part of the State. Also the farming tools, Wagons, Mules, Oxen,

The terms of sale will be made easy. A Steamer will leave Wilmington at 8 o'clock the morning of sale and return in the evening. For particulars apply to JAS. E. KEA, Wilming Jan. 29th, 1859

NEW CROP MOLASSES.

OF PRIME NEW CROP CARDENAS MO lasses, in new, light and substantial property from Brig John Hathaway. For sale by HATHAWAY & CO. lasses, in new, light and substantial packages, now landing

N. O. SUGARS.

rect from New Orleans. For sale by
HATHAWAY & CO.

NOTICE. BBLS. FAMILY AND SUPER FLOUR: 50 20 boxes Adamantine Candles; 15 " Tallow

100 doz. Eggs, and a lot of fresh ground Country Meal Jus received and for sale by Jan. 24th, 1859 MACHINE SHOP.

FRONT STREET, BELOW MARKET THE SUBSCRIBER is prepared to furnish BRASS AND IRON CASTINGS, STEAM ENGINES, MILL Old Machinery overhauled and repaired. Will make to order Patterns, Ornamental an Architec ural, and supply Drafts for all kind of Machinery.

All work warranted as represented. cash paid for old Copper, Brass and Iron. TERMS-Cash on delivery. JOHN C. BAILLY Proprie or. 246-1y-43-1y Wilmington, June 24, 1858 STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

December Term, 1858. Henry Schulkin) Original Attachment

T APPEARING TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE second Monday in March next, and there to plead, answer

NEW HANOVER COUNTY COURT.

SAM'L R. BUNTING, Clerk. 127-1t-23-tc -[Pr. fce \$5 62 IRISH POTATOES. LOOR EATING AND PLANTING, just received and for Front st., No. 2, Granite Row. Feb. 2, 1859.

WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVER-WARE. AT NEW YORK PRICES. I do not ask will the public patronize me. They have bought, and they still buy, from I. ALEXANDER, because he sells i Silver without his name on every article he sells; he also warrants them pure coin. The people patronize him be cause they have paid such enormous prices elsewhere for their Jewelry and Silver-Ware.

OUR MUSICAL FRIEND. WEEKLY PUBLICATION OF SHEET MUSIC, SUITE ble for the players and singers of the Home circle, an onsisting of sixteen pages full folio size, stitched in a hand arrangements from the most favorite operas; scenes, songs structive, and ever fresh and delightful.

so cheap, accurate and elegant, does not exist in any other country. The same amount of music procured at the reg ular stores would cost at least twenty times what it costs of our Musical Friend." Variety a dexcellence are secure by purchasing an article so cheap, and much needed. Piece by the following composers have appeared in the first ter numbers; the names speak for themselves; Mozart, S. Lov er, Wallerstein, Meyerbeer, Flootow, Burgmuller, F. Schu bert, Verdi, Donizetti, Strauss, Musard, Thalberg, Balfe Rossini, J. Weber, Kucken, Speyer, Abt, G. A. Macfarret Bellini, H. Smart, Ascher, Crouch, D. Albert, Bishop, Auber Paes ello, Landpainter, Beethoven, &c., &c. All these pie ces are within the range of ordinary players and singers, and are invariably characterized by the delicious melody and

OUR MUSICAL FRIEND s published weekly, price 10 cents, and may be ordered from any bookseller or periodical dealer. It will be sent dire oription taken for less than 6 months, payable in advance.
Office of "Our Musical Friend," 13 Frankfort Street. C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., Proprietors.

> JOHN GRAY, (Late TAGGART & GRAL,

DEALER IN WOODEN WARE AND BROOMS, Nos. 15 Fulton, and 202 Front Sts., NEW YORK, Where he has constantly on hand, and offers for sale PAINTED PAILS, BROOMS, BRUSHES, MATE

CEDAR TUBS, PAILS, PIGGINS, COOLERS, CHURNS WILLOW CRADLES, WAGONS, CHAIRS & BASKETS. Jan. 18, 1859.—113&21-3m. ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY. HE NEXT ORDINARY DRAWING OF THE ROYAL

TWINES, CORDAGE

Havana Lottery, conducted by the Spanish Government ander the supervision of the Captain General of Cuba, will ake place at HAVANA, on TUESDAY, February 15th, 1859. 8324.000. SORTEO NUMERO 612 ORDINARIO.

CAPITAL PRIZE_\$100,000,1 l Prize of......\$100,000 | 6 Prizes_of......\$2.0 50,000 10 30,000 62 " 15,000 143 Four Approximations to the \$100,000 of \$600 each; 4 of \$100 to \$50,000; 4 of \$400 to \$30,000; 4 of \$400 to \$15,000 4 of \$400 to \$10,000.

Whole Tickets \$20; Halves \$10; Quarters \$5. Prizes cashed at sight at 5 per cent. discount. Bills on all solvent Banks taken at par. A drawing will be forwarded as soon as the result become

All orders for Schemes or Tickets to be addressed DON RODRIGUEZ, care of City Post, Charleston, S. C. January 8th, 1858. NEW BOOKS.

BY EXPRESS this morning, at KELLEY'S Bookstore.

Livingston's Travels in South Africa, finely illustrated Thomdale, or the Conflict of Opinions; by Wm. Smill author of Athelwood, a Drama, &c.

Cornell's first steps in Geography. What Will He Do With It; by Bulwer.

February 4, 1859. MULLETS.

DeBege, Canton Cloth, Mohair, Prints and Silks. For sale by J. S. WILLIAMS.

60 BBLS. LARGE SIZE, and fat. For sale by ZENO H. GREENE. NOTICE.

A LL PERSONS ARE HEREBY FOREWARNED against trading for a Note given by me to William Houston for the sum of One Thousand and Fifty Dollars, as the payment of the said Note will be resisted upon the ground that the same was improperly obtained from me. S. M. HOUSTON

January 19th, 1859. 900 TO 1000 BALES OF COTTON PER ANNUM AM STILL MANUFACTURING AT THE ROCKY MT.

MILLS, Edgecombe county, N. C., 900 to 1000 Bales PARAGON UMBRELLA.

PATENT STYLE—the largest, finest and handsomest Umbrella ever sold. A new and complete assortment, just received at the Hat and Cap Emperium, 34 Market st.

CHAS. D. MYERS.

February 2, 1853.

Imilles, Edgecombe county, N. C., 900 to 1000 Bales County, Selection per annum, and will deliver at any of our Railroad detection pots, free of freights, to punctual customers, on 3 months time, or discount of 2½ per cent. for cash, COTTON YARN.

SEINE TWINE, PLOW LINES, &c.

Orders addressed to WILLIAM S. BATTLE, Rocky March 25, 1859.

March 25, 1858.

Appleton's Railway and Steam Navigation Guide-Pinney's Key to first book in French. Key to Davie's Algebra, Key to Pike's Arithmetic.